

MACBETH CURRICULUM LINKS

Suitable for: Stages 4 – 6 Preliminary Curriculum links: English and Drama

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STAGE	TEXT TYPE / MODULES	TEXTUAL CONCEPTS / CONTENT	OUTCOMES	
Stage 4	Text Selection: Shakespearean Drama	Reading, viewing and listening to texts: Reading, viewing and listening skills. Reading, viewing and listening for meaning. Reading for challenge, interest and enjoyment. Reflecting.	EN4-RVL-01 Uses a range of personal, creative and critical strategies to read texts that are complex in their ideas and construction.	
		 Understanding and responding to texts A: Representation. Code and convention. Connotation, imagery and symbol. Point of view. 	EN4-URA-01 Analyses how meaning is created through the use of and response to language forms, features and structures. EN4-URB-01 Examines and explains	
		Characterisation.Narrative.	how texts represent ideas, experiences and values.	
		 Understanding and responding to texts B: Theme. Perspective and context. Argument and authority. Style. 	EN4-URC-01 Identifies and explains ways of valuing texts and the connections between them.	
		Understanding and responding to texts C:		
		Genre.Intertextuality.Literary value.		



Stage 5	Text Selection:	Reading, viewing and listening to texts:	EN5-RVL-01 Uses a range of personal,
		Reading, viewing and listening skills.	creative and critical strategies to
	Shakespearean Drama	Reading, viewing and listening for meaning.	interpret complex texts.
		Reading for challenge, interest and enjoyment.	
		Reflecting.	EN5-URA-01 Analyses how meaning is created through the use and
		Understanding and responding to texts A:	interpretation of increasingly complex
		Representation.	language forms, features and
		Code and convention.	structures.
		Connotation, imagery and symbol.	
		Point of view.	EN5-URB-01 Evaluates how texts
		Characterisation.	represent ideas and experiences, and
		Narrative.	how they can affirm or challenge values and attitudes.
		Understanding and responding to texts B:	EN5-URC-01 Investigates and explains
		• Theme.	ways of valuing texts and the
		Perspective and context.	relationships between them.
		Argument and authority.	
		Style.	
		Understanding and responding to texts C:	
		Genre.	
		Intertextuality.	
		Literary value.	
Stage 6	Standard Module B:	Engage personally with texts:	EN11-1 Responds to and composes
Preliminary	Close Study of Literature	 Investigate, appreciate, and enjoy a wide range of 	increasingly complex texts for
		texts and different ways of responding.	understanding, interpretation, analysis,
Standard	Text type:	Engage with increasingly complex texts to	imaginative expression and pleasure.
	• Drama	understand and appreciate the power of language	ENIAL 2 Analyses and year langues.
		in shaping meaning.	EN11-3 Analyses and uses language
		Investigate a wide range of texts, including those by	forms, features and structures of texts,



and about Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander People(s), in order to think broadly, deeply and flexibly in imaginative, creative, interpretive and analytical ways.

- Investigate and reflect on the difference between initial personal response and more studied and complex response.
- Reflect on how their personal values and perspectives are confirmed or challenged through their engagement with a variety of texts including those by and about Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander People(s).
- Relate their responses to texts to aspects of human experience.

Develop and apply contextual knowledge:

- Analyse how texts are created in and for a variety of contexts, audiences and purposes.
- Analyse how language choices are made for different purposes and in different contexts using appropriate metalanguage; for example personification, voice-over, flashback, and salience.
- Use appropriate form, content, style, and tone for different purposes and audiences in real and imagined contexts.
- Understand how the contexts of composers (authors, poets, playwrights, directors, designers so on) and responders influence their perspective and ideas.
- Identify and describe the social, moral and ethical positions represented in texts.

considers appropriateness for purpose, audience and context and explains effects on meaning.

EN11-5 Thinks imaginatively, creatively, interpretively and analytically to respond to and compose texts that include considered and detailed information, ideas and arguments.

EN11-7 Understands and explains the diverse ways texts can represent personal and public worlds.

EN11-8 Identifies and explains cultural assumptions in texts and their effects on meaning.



- Understand how contexts influence the perspectives represented in texts and how audiences respond to them.
- Recognise how context influences the cultural assumptions that underpin their own and others' compositions of, and responses to, texts.

Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and features:

- Analyse the ways language features, text structures and stylistic choices represent perspective and influence audiences.
- Explore the ways text structures, language features and stylistic choices are used in different types of texts.
- Understand and appreciate how different language forms, features and structures can be used to represent different ways of thinking.
- Analyse the diverse ways in which creative, informative and persuasive texts can explore human experience, universal themes and social contexts.
- Analyse the impact of language and structural choices on shaping own and others' perspectives.
- Assess and reflect on the ways values and assumptions are conveyed.
- Analyse and discuss the ways ideas, voices and opinions are represented.

Respond to and compose texts:

• Develop creative and informed interpretations of texts supported by close textual analysis.



		 Understand and explain how language forms, features and structures are effectively integrated in a range of quality literature and other texts. Select, interpret and draw conclusions about information and ideas in texts. Speculate on the possibility of different interpretations of texts when they are considered from different perspectives. Analyse how language and argument can create or reflect bias that may shape cultural perspectives. 	
Stage 6 Preliminary Advanced	Advanced Module A: Narratives that Shape our World Advanced Module B:	 Engage personally with texts: Explain the relationship between responder, composer, text and context. Appreciate the aesthetic qualities of texts and the power of language to express personal ideas and 	EA11-1 Responds to, composes and evaluates complex texts for understanding, interpretation, critical analysis, imaginative expression and pleasure.
	Critical Study of Literature Text type: • Drama	 experiences. Examine the ways composers (authors, poets, playwrights, directors, designers and so on) apply textual conventions to shape meaning in different modes, media and technologies. Investigate and explain how mode, medium and form shape responses to texts, for example how spoken language can evoke particular audience reactions. Investigate a wide range of texts, including those by and about Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander People(s), in order to think broadly, deeply and flexibly in imaginative, creative, interpretive and analytical ways. Compare how composers (authors, poets, playwrights, directors, designers and so on) draw 	EA11-2 Uses and evaluates processes, skills and knowledge required to effectively respond to and compose texts in different modes, media and technologies. EA11-3 Analyses and uses language forms, features and structures of texts considering appropriateness for specific purposes, audiences and contexts and evaluates their effects on meaning. EA11-5 Thinks imaginatively, creatively, interpretively and critically to respond to, evaluate and compose texts that



on aspects of other texts, for example through	synthesise complex information, ideas
theme, genre, intertextuality, style, event and character.	and arguments.
 Understand that texts offer vicarious experiences 	EA11-6 Investigates and evaluates the
of the wider world for critical reflection and pleasure.	relationships between texts.
 Appreciate the different ways in which a text can be 	EA11-7 Evaluates the diverse ways texts
valued, for example for its	can represent personal and public
themes, aesthetic qualities or representation of	worlds
cultures.	and recognises how they are valued.
Explain and evaluate whether their	
own perspectives and values align with the	EA11-8 Explains and evaluates cultural
perspectives and values expressed in texts.	assumptions and values in texts and
	their effects on meaning.
Develop and apply contextual knowledge:	
 Explain the personal, social, historical and cultural 	
contexts of composing and responding, and	
evaluate how these contexts impact on meaning.	
 Examine the relationships between 	
emerging textual forms and their social, cultural	
and historical contexts.	
Examine how texts in different literary forms, media	
or traditions are similar or different.	
 Investigate and explain how composers (authors, 	
poets, playwrights, directors, designers and so on)	
draw on cultural, textual and linguistic resources to	
represent particular perspectives in texts.	
Explore how literature reflects cultural change.	
Understand and apply knowledge of language forms and	
features:	
 Analyse the ways language features, text 	



DRAMA STAGE Stage 4	CONTENT Appreciating Elements of Drama	Pevelop independent interpretations of texts supported by informed observation and close textual analysis. Compare cultural perspectives in texts from different personal, social, historical and cultural contexts, including texts by and about Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander People(s), other Australians and people with Asian heritage. OBJECTIVES Students will develop knowledge, understanding and skills, individually and collaboratively, through:	OUTCOMES 4.3.1 Identifies and describes elements of drama, dramatic forms, performance styles, techniques and conventions in
		 structures and stylistic choices shape ideas and perspectives and influence audiences. Examine different points of view represented in texts, for example those of characters, narrators and the implied author, and the ways in which these points of view are created. Investigate similarities and differences between and among texts that may be linked by form, perspective or genre. Analyse the diverse ways in which imaginative, informative and persuasive texts can explore human experience, universal themes and social, cultural and historical contexts. Analyse the ways that specific language features and stylistic features represent cultural assumptions and values in a range of texts. 	



	Dramatic Form Shakespeare	and theatre in reflecting the personal, social, cultural, aesthetic and political aspects of the human experience.	drama. 4.3.2 Recognises the function of drama and theatre in reflecting social and cultural aspects of human experience. 4.3.3 Describes the contribution of individuals and groups in drama using relevant drama terminology. LS.3.1 Experiences a variety of drama or theatre performances. LS.3.2 Identifies and responds to the elements of drama or theatre in performances. LS3.3 Recognises that drama and theatre performances can communicate meaning and ideas.
Stage 5	Appreciating Elements of Drama Dramatic Form Shakespeare	Students will develop knowledge, understanding and skills, individually and collaboratively, through: • Appreciating the meaning and function of drama and theatre in reflecting the personal, social, cultural, aesthetic and political aspects of the human experience.	5.3.1 Responds to, reflects on and evaluates elements of drama, dramatic forms, performance styles, dramatic techniques and theatrical conventions. 5.3.2 Analyses the contemporary and historical contexts of drama. 5.3.3 Analyses and evaluates the contribution of individuals and groups to processes and performances in drama



			using relevant drama concepts and terminology.
			LS.3.1 Experiences a variety of drama or theatre performances.
			LS.3.2 Identifies and responds to the elements of drama or theatre in performances.
			LS3.3 Recognises that drama and theatre performances can communicate meaning and ideas.
Stage 6 Preliminary	Improvisation, Playbuilding, Acting	Students will develop knowledge, understanding and skills, individually and collaboratively, through: • Performing in improvised and playbuilt theatre and	P1.8 Recognises the value of individual contributions to the artistic effectiveness of the whole.
	Elements of Production in Performance	 scripted drama. Recognising the place and function of drama and theatre in communities and societies, past and 	P2.1 Understand the dynamics of actoraudience relationship.
	Theatrical Traditions and Performance Style	 present. Critically studying a variety of forms and styles used in drama and theatre. 	P2.2 Understands the contributions to a production of the playwright, director, dramaturg, designers, front-of-house
		And values and attitudes about:	staff, technical staff and producers.
		 The collaborative mature of drama and theatre. The diversity of the art of dramatic and theatrical performance. 	P2.5 Understands and demonstrates the commitment, collaboration and energy required for a production.
		 Drama and theatre as a community activity, a profession and an industry. 	P2.6 Appreciates the variety of styles, structures and techniques that can be



used in making and shaping a performance.
P3.1 Critically appraises and evaluates, both orally and in writing, personal performances and the performances of others.
P3.2 Understands the variety of influences that have impacted upon drama and theatre performance styles, structures and techniques.
P3.3 analyses and synthesises research and experiences of dramatic and theatrical styles, traditions and movements.
P3.4 appreciates the contribution that drama and theatre make to Australian and other societies by raising awareness and expressing ideas about issues of interest.
DRLS 6Experiences a variety of drama and theatre performances and demonstrated an awareness of the ideas and feelings conveyed.
DRLS7 Communicates and describes how the elements of drama can be used



	to convey meaning.